City of San Mateo General Plan - Applicable Policies

Adopted October 18, 2010

Development of the site is guided by the following relevant planning documents:

1. General Plan Vision 2030

Available online at: http://www.cityofsanmateo.org/index.aspx?NID=2021

2. City of San Mateo Zoning Code

Available online at: https://sanmateo.ca.us.open.law/us/ca/cities/san-mateo/code/27

Applicable General Plan Elements and Policies are listed to facilitate further discussion and direction for the project at this preliminary stage.

General Plan Vision 2030

Land Use Element

- LU 1.10: Commercial Development. Encourage industrial, service, retail, and office development which is compatible with the desired character of the area and with adjacent residential areas in terms of intensity of use, height, bulk and design as delineated on the Land Use Plan, Building Height Plan and Building Intensity Plan. Commercial development adjacent to residential areas shall address concerns pertaining to traffic, truck loading, trash/recycling activities, noise, visual impacts, and public safety including hazardous material storage, fire safety, air pollutant emissions and odors.
- **LU 1.11:** Commercial Focal Areas. Concentrate the most intense office and retail uses at locations delineated on the Land Use Plan. Discourage such uses outside the commercial nodes delineated on the Land Use Plan.
- **LU 1.15: Mixed Use.** Encourage developments which mix commercial retail and office uses with residential uses at locations and intensities/densities as delineated on the Land Use Plan and Building Intensity Plan.
- LU 1.19: Legal Non-conforming Developments. Allow legally established nonconforming uses and buildings to be maintained and to be reconstructed if destroyed by fire or natural disaster; allow minor expansion of legal nonconforming developments. Encourage reconstruction and/or minor expansion to have a design which is visually compatible with surrounding development.

- **Lu 1.2:** Land Use Plan. Adopt and maintain the Land Use Plan which graphically displays the intended uses and development intensity/density for all land within the planning area.
- **LU 1.3:** Land Use Standards. Adopt and maintain the land use categories included in Appendix B defining the range of intended uses and linked to development intensity/density limits.
- LU 1.5: Building Height. Maintain maximum building height limits contained in Appendix C, and as specified in Policy LU 6A.2, closely matched with the Land Use categories and Building Intensity standards.
- **LU 2.3: Local Employment.** Encourage uses which provide opportunities for employment of all the City's residents, with emphasis placed on major employers that provide high value-added jobs.
- **LU 2.4: Downtown Plan.** Establish downtown San Mateo as the social, cultural, and economic center of the City with a wide range of office, medical, residential, entertainment, and retail uses at high intensities and densities while encouraging pedestrian activity and bicycle connectivity to adjacent neighborhoods.
- LU 2.5: Economic Development Plan. Update and maintain the Economic Development Strategy that encourages new private investment, increases employment opportunities, ensures a variety of commercial uses, develops a balance between high value-added employment and revenue generating business, and promotes San Mateo as an economically viable and competitive location.
- **LU 3.1: Downtown Plan.** As the social, cultural and economic center of the City, the downtown shall maintain a wide range of office, medical, residential, entertainment, and retail uses at high intensities and densities.
- **LU 3.2:** Significant Historic Structures. Protect key landmarks, historic structures, and the historic character that exists in parts of downtown as defined in the Conservation/Open Space Element.
- GOAL 4c: Health and Safety. Protect the community's health, safety, and welfare by maintaining adequate fire and life safety protection, providing a safe environment with a minimum of crime, reducing unreasonable risk to life and property caused by flooding, earthquakes or other natural disasters, and managing the use, storage, transport and disposal of hazardous materials.

- **LU 4.2: Developer's Contribution Policy.** Require new development to pay on an equitable basis for new or expanded public improvements needed to support the new or changed land use or development.
- **LU 4.32:** Recycling and Composting. Support programs to recycle solid waste in compliance with State requirements. Require provisions for onsite recycling for all new development and expand composting of green waste and food scraps, as directed by the City's Climate Action Plan which is an appendix of the General Plan..
- **LU 8.6: Waste Reduction.** Reduce waste sent to landfills by San Mateo's residents, businesses and visitors by a minimum of 75% from 2005 levels by 2020 by mandating recycling, setting aggressive waste reduction goals for all development, implementing composting programs, and increasing costs for residential and commercial waste collection then using increased waste collection revenue to provide waste reduction incentives. Supportive actions for waste and reduction are detailed in the Climate Action Plan.
- **LU 8.9: Air Quality Construction Impacts.** The City shall mitigate air quality impacts generated during construction activities by requiring the following measures:
 - 1. Use of appropriate dust control measures, based on project size and latest Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD) guidance, shall be applied to all construction activities within San Mateo.
 - 2. Applicants seeking demolition permits shall demonstrate compliance with applicable BAAQMD requirements involving lead paint and asbestos containing materials (ACM's) designed to mitigate exposure to lead paint and asbestos.
 - 3. Utilization of construction emission control measures recommended by BAAQMD as appropriate for the specifics of the project (e.g., length of time of construction and distance from sensitive receptors). This may include the utilization of low emission construction equipment, restrictions on the length of time of use of certain heavy-duty construction equipment, and utilization of methods to reduce emissions from construction equipment (alternative fuels, particulate matter traps and diesel particulate filters).

Circulation Element

- C 2.4: Transportation Fee Ordinance. Require new developments to pay for on-site improvements to meet the needs of development and their proportionate share of the costs for mitigating cumulative traffic impacts within the City of San Mateo. Utilize a Transportation Fee Ordinance to finance necessary off-site improvements equitably. The off-site improvements will include intersection and street improvements to maintain intersection levels of service, traffic safety improvements and improvements to reduce single occupant vehicle trips such as bicycle system enhancements, pedestrian improvements, and trip reduction measures.
- **C 4.1: Bicycle Master Plan.** Implement the Bicycle Master Plan's recommended programs and projects to create and maintain a fully-connected safe and logical bikeways system; support the City's Sustainable Transportation Actions; and coordinate with the countywide system.
- C 4.5: Pedestrian Enhancements with New Development. Continue to require as a condition of development project approval the provision of sidewalks and wheelchair ramps where lacking and the repair or replacement of damaged sidewalks. Require that utility poles, signs, street lights, and street landscaping on sidewalks be placed and maintained to permit wheelchair access and pedestrian use. Increase awareness of existing trails and routes by promoting these amenities to residents.
- **C 4.7:** Pedestrian Safety. Pedestrian safety shall be made a priority in the design of intersection and other roadway improvements.
- C 4.9: Pedestrian and Bicycle Connections. Implement an area-wide pedestrian and bicycle circulation plan which will result in convenient and direct connections throughout San Mateo. Implementing connections in the Rail Corridor Transit-Oriented Development Plan (Corridor Plan) area and into adjacent neighborhoods and districts is a priority.
- **GOAL 5:** Provide an adequate parking supply for new development.

C 5.1: Parking Standards.

a. Review parking requirements periodically to ensure adequate parking supply as a condition of development approval.

- b. Review parking requirements periodically to ensure adequate parking supply for change and/or expansion of land use resulting in increased parking demand.
- C 6.2: Single Occupancy Vehicles. Reduce single occupant automobile usage for local trips by implementing flexible alternative transportation programs within San Mateo such as bike share programs, car share programs, additional local shuttles for Caltrain connections and other programs that support reduced single-occupant vehicle trips. Partners and program opportunities are identified and in the Climate Action Plan.

Urban Design Element

- **UD 2.14:** Sustainable Design and Building Construction. Require new development and building alterations to conform with the City's Sustainable Initiatives Plan and subsequent City Council adopted goals, policies, and standards pertaining to sustainable building construction.
- **UD 2.15: Integrate Sustainable Design.** Encourage integration of sustainable design features and elements into the building early in the design process. Important considerations include:
 - a. Use of recycled, sustainably harvested, or locally sourced building materials such as siding, paving, decking, and insulation.
 - b. Preservation and/or adaptive reuse of structures is preferred over demolition. Recycle and reuse materials on-site from dismantling and/or demolition of a building or site improvements as much as possible. c. Consideration of heat reflecting roof systems to reduce roof heat gain. Balance the benefits of light colored roofs with aesthetics.
- **UD 2.16: Design and Placement of Solar Access and Panels.** Encourage applicants to incorporate solar energy systems into their projects. Building owners can minimize non-renewable heating and cooling methods and maximize solar heat gain by using solar panels and innovative building design features such as the use of overhangs, having south-facing windows and planting trees that provide shade.
 - Building placement and adjacencies should be considered such that they
 do not unreasonably affect the solar access on neighboring residential
 properties.

- b. Solar panels and other roof-mounted equipment should be integrated into building design so as not to detract from the appearance of a home and reduce obtrusiveness.
- c. Roof mounted solar energy equipment and panel should be located below ridgelines and on sides of roof away from street view wherever possible. Non-glare and non-reflective type panels should be utilized.
- d. The design and placement of roof-mounted solar panels should account for the heights of existing trees and future growth. This applies to both trees on-site and on neighboring properties, including Heritage Trees and street trees.

Conservation and Open Space Element

- **C/OS 6.6:** New Development Street Trees. Require street tree planting as a condition of all new developments in accordance with the adopted Street Tree Master Plan.
- **C/OS 6.7: Street Tree Planting.** Encourage the planting of new street trees throughout the City.
- **C/OS 6.8: Street Tree Preservation.** Preserve existing street trees; ensure adequate siting, selection, and regular maintenance of City trees, including neighborhood participation, for the purpose of keeping the trees in a safe and aesthetic condition.
- **C/OS 8.1: Historic Preservation.** Preserve, where feasible, historic buildings as follows:
 - a. Prohibit the demolition of historic buildings until a building permit is authorized subject to approval of a planning application.
 - b. Require the applicant to submit alternatives on how to preserve the historic building as part of any planning application and implement methods of preservation unless health and safety requirements cannot be met.
 - c. Require that all exterior renovations of historic buildings conform to the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation and Guidelines for Rehabilitating Historic Structures.
 - d. Historic building shall mean buildings which are on or individually eligible for the National Register of Historic Places, California Register of Historical Resources, or Downtown Historic District contributor buildings as designated in the 1989

Historic Building Survey Report, or as determined to be eligible through documentation contained in a historic resources report.

- **C/OS 8.2: Historic Districts.** Consider the protection of concentrations of buildings which convey the flavor of local historical periods or provide an atmosphere of exceptional architectural interest or integrity, after additional study.
- **C/OS 8.3: Structure Rehabilitation.** Promote the rehabilitation of historic structures; consider alternative building codes and give historic structures priority status for available rehabilitation funds. (Note: Related Safety Policy S 1.5.)
- **C/OS 8.4: Inventory Maintenance.** Establish and maintain an inventory of architecturally, culturally, and historically significant structures and sites.
- **C/OS 8.5: Public Awareness.** Foster public awareness and appreciation of the City's historic, architectural, and archaeological resources.
- **C/OS 10.1: Public Open Space Design.** Review planning applications for opportunities to promote exceptional design and use of public open spaces in new developments and new public buildings.

Housing Element

- **H 1.1:** Residential Protection. Protect established single-family and multi-family residential areas by the following actions:
 - 1. Prevent the intrusion of incompatible uses not indicated in the Land Use Element as allowed in residential districts;
 - 2. Avoid the overconcentration on individual blocks of non-residential uses defined by the Land Use Element as being "potentially compatible" in residential areas;
 - 3. Assure that adequate buffers are provided between residential and non-residential uses to provide design compatibility, protect privacy, and protect residences from impacts such as noise and traffic; and
 - 4. Review development proposals for conformance to the City's multi-family design guidelines for sites located in areas that contain substantial numbers of single-family homes to achieve projects more in keeping with the design character of single-family dwellings.

H 2.12: Mixed Use. Continue the policy of encouraging residential uses in existing commercial areas, or in locating adjacent or near transit nodes, where the residences can be buffered from noise and safety concerns and can provide adequate on-site parking and usable open space. Provide floor area and/or height bonuses for residential development in selected areas of the City

Noise Element

- **N 2.1: Noise Ordinance.** Continue implementation and enforcement of the City's existing noise control ordinance: a) which prohibits noise that is annoying or injurious to neighbors of normal sensitivity, making such activity a public nuisance, and b) restricts the hours of construction to minimize noise impact.
- N 2.2: Minimize Noise Impact. Protect all "noise sensitive" land uses listed in tables N-1 and N-2 from adverse impacts caused by the noise generated on-site by new developments. Incorporate necessary mitigation measures into development design to minimize noise impacts. Prohibit long-term exposure increases of 3 dB (LDN) or above at the common property line, or new uses which generate noise levels of 60 dB (LDN) or above at the property line, excluding ambient noise levels.